

Latest Pictures of German Invasion of Serbia. French Warning Against Spies.



PHOTO © by UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

German troops on Danube waiting to cross into Serbia.

This picture gives an excellent idea of the obstacles overcome by the Germans in crossing the Danube into Serbia. The river is wide and deep for the entire distance that it forms the boundary between Hungary and Serbia, and crossing had to be accomplished by boats.

The picture shows a cavalry squadron waiting to be embarked for the crossing.

Fighting line, which at the time the photograph was made lay right across the river. The equipment of the men is packed on the backs of their horses and carefully covered with tarpaulin to protect it from damage by water during the trip across on the ferry.

These mounted troops are all armed with rifles and are in effect mounted infantrymen.

BRITISH SHIPS SUNK IN HARBOR AT DARDANELLES

Two Gunboats and an Armed Steamer Destroyed by German Submarine.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—The German admiral today issued the following statement:

A submarine destroyed by gunfire two Anglo-Egyptian gunboats, the Prince Abbas and the Abdul Monem, each of which was armed with two guns. The same submarine silenced with its big armed British machine gunner and captured its crew.

One of our submarines on Nov. 5, in the North African coast, sank by torpedoes the British auxiliary cruiser Pan.

Small Vessels, British Report.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—There is no British steamer named Taro. The auxiliary steamer referred to in the German statement is the small craft Taro. An official British report of Nov. 8 said the Taro, an armed boarding steamer, had been sunk in the Mediterranean by a German submarine and that thirty-four men were missing.

Navy records contain the names of two Egyptian gunboats, Abd-el-Monaym and Abbas, which probably are the warships referred to in the German announcement. The Abd-el-Monaym, 368 tons, was built in 1892. The Abbas, 236 tons, was built in 1891, and, according to the latest naval records, was armed with one three pound gun.

Turkish Official Statement.

CONSTANTINOPLE, via London, Nov. 19.—An official statement issued at the Turkish war office says:

On the Tigris river an enemy vessel was sunk with its crew. Arab volunteers destroyed enemy telegraph lines by a surprise attack on a hostile camp.

AMERICAN CHARGED WITH SPYING, FREED BY BRITISH.

Kenneth Triest, Princeton Student, Starts on His Way to America Today.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Kenneth G. Triest, the former Princeton student held in London as a German spy, has been released by the British authorities and will leave with his father for the United States tomorrow.

GERMAN CHRISTIAN SCIENCE DECISION CALLED ABSURD

Last Sunday "The Tribune" printed a cablegram from Berlin reporting the sentencing of two Christian Science practitioners, Elizabeth Ahrens and Elizabeth Haesgen, to six months' imprisonment for criminal carelessness. They were held responsible for the deaths of Nusba Butze and Alice von Arnould, actresses, who were ill from Bright's disease and a rare skin disease.

Yesterday "The Tribune" received the following American Christian Science interpretation of the German court decision:

Editor, The Chicago Tribune:

I am interested in the decision at Berlin, Germany, against two Christian Scientists which you reported last Sunday was to this effect: The practitioners of a new system of therapeutics can be held responsible for the death of a patient if the expert testimony shows that the patient would have survived for a longer time under the treatment of the customary system. This judgment was delivered in the case of a patient who had been pronounced incurable by practitioners of the system whose witnesses furnished evidence against the Christian Scientists. It was a severe violation by a lower court and will be appealed.

With practically the same question arose in Idaho a couple of years ago the Supreme Court of Idaho said:

"These are times of advanced science and liberal thought when every person may think and act for himself."

Every community has its multitude of beliefs and modes of treatment of diseases and human ailments, and every citizen is absolutely free to adopt, believe, or employ any one he pleases.

If the results are not what he would wish or the rest of the community thinks they might be, he can nevertheless not be hauled into court and have his method of treatment and his school of thought tested by the disciplines or experts of some other school or belief."

Of course, German law may differ from American law, even in its relation to science and religion, but it is not probable that such a barrier to progress as the judgment in question indicates will be erected in any civilized country. Yours sincerely,

CLIFFORD P. SMITH.

Committee on Publication of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston Mass., Boston, Mass., Nov. 18, 1915.

NEW RUSSIAN ARMY READY?

LONDON, Nov. 20, 2 a. m.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Morning Post sends the following:

"Russia intends to place millions of additional troops in the field, according to a notification by Premier Goremkin to the Russian press."

REFUSE TO SELL GOWNS TO AGENT FOR MRS. GALT

Paris Modistes Bar German-American Commissioner of Wilson's Fiancee.

Race. The association decided, it was explained, as a matter of principle only to refuse to sell to two houses, whose names were drawn by lot, and that one of these names was that of the person ordering gowns for Mrs. Galt.

NO DIPLOMATIC ISSUE.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—While official circles here were interested in the news from Paris that the Paris modiste syndicate had blacklisted a New York businessman said to have been commissioned to buy gowns for Mrs. Galt, President Wilson's fiancee, no comment was forthcoming.

The White House took no notice of the reports. It was generally agreed by those who discussed the matter that there was no possibility of a diplomatic question being raised.

GERMAN EFFORTS TO CROSS DVINA RIVER ARE REPULSED.

Russians Report Attacks Halted on Big-Dvina Front—Admit a Slight Retirement in South.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19.—The following official statement was issued by the Russian war office tonight:

Northwest of Friedrichstadt, Germany, attempts to cross to our side of the Dvina river failed. The enemy everywhere was compelled to retire by our fire.

On the left of the Dvina river, near the village of Charkovets, the enemy attempted to cross to our side of the river. Near the village of Charkovets our troops retired to the right bank of the Styx, well covered by our artillery fire, which prevented the enemy from making an attack. Fighting up on the Styx, near Novo-Zilim, the enemy several times opened fire on the bank of the river held by us.

Russian military observers are finding frequent indications that the German front on the front is growing increasingly thin. These are furnished by reports from the fighting lines, notably from the sector northeast of Riga.

Police Barn Robbed.

Right at the rear of the Grand Crossing police station thieves backed up a wagon and hauled away about fifteen barrels of oil from the building.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—The German government has issued a statement which has just reached this office, saying that it has collected a mass of information bearing on activities of many kinds, which will be turned over to the department of justice.

Many reports have been made to Secretary McAdoo and some of them are said to have gone to President Wilson.

War Costs Swish \$51,000,000.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—The cost of guarding neutrality to the end of October is given as \$51,000,000. This figure is given in an official statement which has just reached this office.

It is also claimed that they indicate Belgian's alignment with the Entente.

A portion of the compilation recently published in the semi-official North German Gazette and excerpts were telegraphed to this country by wireless.

Church Head Cannot Express Even an Opinion Lest It Be Construed as Taking Sides.

ROMA, Nov. 19.—Cardinal Falconio made an exception to the usual rule today and granted a newspaper interview. He said the policy which the holy see has been one of absolute neutrality, and that this should be kept as long as possible.

Cardinal Falconio said: "If his holiness should ever express a personal opinion it would follow as a matter of course that he would probably be siding with one group of belligerents against the other.

"The pope has been powerless to avert the war. Neither before nor since its outbreak has the dispute which started the conflagration been submitted to him, and he cannot assume the rôle of judge. It is absolutely necessary for him to observe the moral and impartial neutrality, as otherwise his influence in favor of peace would be lost."

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USE MONASTIR
TO BULGARIANS
at Other Points Cap-
5,000 Prisoners; Allies
Attack Enemy in South.

BULLETIN.
LONDON, Nov. 19.—A dispatch from the Exchange Telegraph company says a telegram to the government from Athens states that the Bulgarians have occupied Monastir and that the Serbians are in full retreat.

Bulgarians have occupied Monastir and the Serbians are in full retreat, according to latest dispatches from the Balkans. The Austro-German-Bulgarian army north of Uskub continues to close the ring around the Serbs and divide the gap through which they may move into Montenegro. The invading force from the north is advancing on Bar, having taken some heights a front of that town. The French are driving the Bulgars in the south.

GERMANS TAKE 5,000 SERBS.
BERLIN, Nov. 19.—[By Wireless to Berlin]—The capture of 5,000 Serbs was announced by the war office today. The text of the communication follows:

During yesterday's successful bat-

tle the pursuit of the enemy about 5,000 Serbs were taken prisoner.

Serbs Nearly Surrounded.

VIENNA, via Berlin, Amsterdam, and London, Nov. 19.—Nearly surrounded in the mountains on the border of the Novi-Sanak, the Serbs' shattered main army of the north is making today what probably is its last stand fight.

German, Austrian, and Bulgarian forces, which are now within thirty miles of the Pristina-Pristina line, are closing in around the little fighting force. Dislodgment of the Serbs from the strong position occupied is a foregone conclusion.

Indications favor their capture, though it is taken for granted they will make a final attempt to escape into Montenegro or northern Albania.

Weather Hampers Advance.

The German allies' operations are hampered by bad weather which, in con-

nection with the difficult central Serbian country, involves the utmost hardship to the troops.

Working southward from Usice, to intercept the Serbs' flight westward, the Germans are entering the Uvac River zone and southeast of there have occupied Javor, twenty-five miles west and north of Rasika.

A little southeast of Javor the heights over Golja, Plamna also have been occupied.

French Hurl Bulgars Back.

ATHENS, Nov. 19.—In an effort to dislodge the Bulgars from southeastern Greece where they are sweeping everything before them, the French are hurling at them the strength of the British forces on the Vardar river.

The French troops' situation is favorable. They already have won some successes and seem on the eve of gaining fresh ground, but it is feared they are not numerous enough to follow up their advantage to the utmost. Message after message has come back from the front calling for reinforcements.

The Vardar river struggle has been of the most desperate character. The Bulgars were on the southwestern bank of the stream when it began. They were held back and across it by the deadly French artillery, which more than offsets their numerical superiority.

Northwest of this battle the British, held by the French cannot yet still hammer at Strumica's defenses.

The Bulgars are holding out stubbornly. The newspaper *Hestia* says it believes that there are 45,000 Bulgarians in Prilep and surrounding district where there are only small Serbian forces. The paper says that the French, having repulsed Bulgarian attacks for three days, are redoubling their efforts to occupy Veles.

Mexican Protest to Britain.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Canadian government has informed the British government that the recent forcible search of the American steamer *Zelandia* at Progreso as a violation of Mexican neutrality.

Serbs and Allies Hold Only the Shaded Portion of Map.



1—Austro-Germans continue drive from north, occupying Javor, twenty-five miles west and a little north of Rasika. They also have occupied heights near Golja.

2—German-Bulgarian forces continue to press on from the east, capturing 5,000 additional prisoners.

ROUMANIA WAR COUNCIL CALLED

(Continued from first page.)

without any benefit to our army. Moreover, to thank us, we have no artillery, infantry, mountain artillery, or fortifications in the Carpathians and no gun and munitions factories.

"I do not want to disguise the unfortunate inactivity of my country. I propose only to reveal a small part of our history, which explains the great work already accomplished since August, 1914. If Austria, thirty years ago, was able to force on us an alliance signifying nothing but a renunciation of all the future but servitude in the present, what would be our situation tomorrow as to an Austria victorious and in which the Magyars would be all powerful?"

Deny Aid to German Spy.

The Greek legation issued a denial today of recent press dispatches from Athens stating that a commission of German military officers had arrived in Greece and was inspecting the camp at Saloniki of the French and British troops with the assistance of Greek authorities.

Allied Infighting Troubles?

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—[By Wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.]—According to advices from Constantinople to the *Frankfurter Zeitung*, says the Overseas News Agency, "serious measures are being considered in Athens in connection with the existing situation. It is decided that the British should be sent to the Balkans as if port were their property and that insurrections have been made regarding the overthrow of the dynasty. It is noted that a corps of gendarmes stationed in New Greece, a body formed principally of Cretans, has been openly agitating in favor of former Premier Venizelos."

"It is pointed out that a state of siege can be proclaimed in all Greece without the action of parliament, if a sufficient emergency arises."

Greek Ships Told to Depart?

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Burgess for Orphans.

AUSTRALIA, Nov. 19.—[Special]—A wealthy Australian man is driving thirty horses from Phoenix to Australia, where they will be given to the orphans at Mooseheart.

Wide brim soft hats, and smart derbies

Our hat stocks run the entire gamut of conceivable hat preferences, from the most extreme novelties to the staid, conservative, standard styles.

Quality is the keynote of every style. Hats at prices varying from \$2 to \$15

A complete assortment of fine Stetson and Imported Austrian Velour at \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8.50 & \$10.

Main Floor.

THE HUB

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Cor. State and Jackson

G.O.P. PREPARES DEFENSE FIGHT BEFORE CONGRESS

Republicans Planning Program to Be Offered in Lieu of Wilson's Scheme.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.
Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—[Special]—The political tacticians are now on the ground planning the moves they will carry out in the forthcoming session of Congress.

While Speaker Clark was conferring with President Wilson this afternoon on the plans for putting through the administration's program of national defense, Minority Leader James R. Mann arrived in the capitol and prepared to open hostilities against the Democratic cohort.

Mr. Mann intends to make his biggest night of the session. However, on the administration's proposed revenue legislation.

"They will fight for a general revision of the tariff upward as the principal means of providing revenue to meet the financial demands of the government.

The minority leader also intends to vote considerable attention to the extraordinary secrecy which surrounds all the activities of the administration and to the suppression and censorship of public information.

Mr. Mann will begin tomorrow a series of conferences with his lieutenants in the house and other Republicans members for the purpose of shaping the program of legislation which they will offer in the next congress to accept in lieu of the president's measures.

The minority leader also will begin preparing the schedule of assignments of Republican members to the house committees.

With many old-line Republicans returned to the house, from which they were temporarily retired by the progressive upheaval of 1910 and 1912, Mr. Mann is embarrassed by many conflicting demands for choice assignments.

Cannon to Get Choice.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, however, will be given his choice and can go back on the appropriations committee if he desires to resume the arduous work of that position.

George Edmund Rose of Chicago would

like to return to the committee on naval affairs, of which he was chairman under the Republican regime, but Representative Charles of Chicago is insisted on remaining in the Select Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Mann believes the people of the middle west are fully awake to the failure of the Wilson administration's policies to further the economic welfare of the country and they are awaiting a decision for the return of the Republicans to power.

"Tributes" Plan to Be Followed.

The administration's program of national defense is pronounced inadequate and an impracticable makeshift by the Republican leaders.

The administration's army plan is particularly condemned. The Republicans will propose a substitute scheme resembling in essential respects the recommendations of the Congressional Committee on War Powers.

The Republicans propose to eliminate the citizen's continental army, propose, on the contrary, that it is impracticable, and urge the strengthening of the standing army and the development of the national guard.

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The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 18, 1841.

REGISTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 8, 1898, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1893.

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CHART OF TRIBUNE CIRCULATION FOR SEVEN DECEMBERS

| Daily | Sunday |
|--|------------------------------|
| 1908...171,032 | 1908...296,816 |
| 1909...174,074 | 1909...300,009 |
| 1910...234,111 | 1910...357,845 |
| 1911...236,226 | 1911...363,465 |
| 1912...246,061 | 1912...366,977 |
| 1913...259,958 | 1913...392,664 |
| 1914...318,761 | 1914...524,800 |
| *1915...354,520 | *1915...558,396 |
| Growth in 7 years 183,488 | Growth in 7 years 261,580 |
| *Average for six months ending Sept. 30, 1915. | |

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1915.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

IT MAKES A DIFFERENCE.

Members of the Massachusetts Peace society have voted more than two to one in favor of an increase of our armament.

Sometimes tells us that if California, Oregon, and Washington have peace societies, despite Dr. Jordan, they would vote about the same way.

It is in the interior, where they think they are safe, that our pacifists are against competent defense.

WHERE THE DEMOCRATS STAND.

Congressman Kitchin, Democratic house leader, finds that four-fifths of the Democratic members are opposed to the president's military program, not, of course, because the program is unwise, but because it purports to be military. The four-fifths, therefore, are opposed to any military program. If they cannot follow the president they will not follow wise counsel.

Nevertheless, finding all this, Mr. Kitchin fears that some extraordinarily atrocious program will receive the endorsement of congress and that this infatuated nation will be plunged, with a most melodramatic plunge, into the maelstrom, and a most melodramatic maelstrom, of military folly.

Mr. Kitchin is a tolerably honest man. The qualification is not a libel on him. It refers to his mental processes. He is almost candid, and if to be thoroughly candid he is honest, Mr. Kitchin is tolerably honest. He says that the United States spends too much money on its present military establishment, which is true, considering what it gets for the money it spends, and he is utterly against an increase in expenditure, representing it to be an increase in waste.

The cause of waste in military appropriations is congress and lack of congress politics. Mr. Kitchin reveals an effect, but he does not disclose a cause. He is an honored constituent of the cause. Where Mr. Kitchin is wholly honest is in his opposition to any increase in expenditures of military purposes whether we get a dollar's worth for a hundred pennies or do not get it.

With a man of such opinion it is possible to deal in the open. The trouble with many Democratic congressmen now is that their perceptions of their country's needs are clouded over by political expediency. They cannot see clearly because their eyes are filled with opportunity.

It is extremely probable that the fat years of the Democracy are coming to a close. The little things which a competent Democrat can do for his district and his state may be minimized by the results of the next election. Lean years may be approaching when \$200,000 post offices in \$20 towns will be the rewards of being a Republican, not a Democrat.

Therefore, it is not advisable, from a Democratic viewpoint, to waste money on the military establishment when it might go to fatten the pork barrel. The nation can deal with men who put themselves in the open in their opposition, with their motives confessed or betrayed. The real enemy of preparedness has the simulated ardor of a friend.

THE WAR'S PURPOSE.

The German Socialist demand for a clear statement of the war's purpose, such a demand as brought about the suppression of Vorwärts, does not issue from the clearest comprehension of the situation even if it does seem rational.

The nations are contending for mastery. Their purposes must be expressed mostly in gesture or rhetoric until they can estimate what the extent of that mastery will be. Even mastery might and probably would be prudential. Give any nation the most that its imagination or its hope considers possible and Europe thus changed would be controlled by alliances and combinations and would be reduced to war.

The dominant thought expressed by each belligerent is to rearrange the map of Europe for better protection and better development. Schemes of conquest are disavowed. Stability and security are the words in statesmen's mouths.

Germany would like to destroy Great Britain's control of the sea; Great Britain would like to repress the German naval ambitions. The British talk much of German militarism, but it is German navalism the prudence and foresight of the United States in getting ready for the new era!

If Lord Rosebery's idea that the United States should rely upon the British navy rather than upon its own? Well, we'd rather not. The acts of the British navy during this war are enough to convince the United States that Great Britain is among the nations whose honor should be backed by a safe guarantee. International law and treaties have been torn to shreds by Great Britain in its treatment of neutral commerce. Lord Rosebery now cynically announces that good faith among the nations of Europe is no more. This is true, it is a solemn warning to the United States to trust only in itself and its own strength.

Shocking as Lord Rosebery's suggestion may be to altruists and lovers of peace at any price, it is unquestionably true, so far as it relates to the nations of Europe. Greece is the latest nation to tear up its treaties and violate its pledges. Why should the United States trust any nation in Europe when they do not trust themselves and give formal notice that their treaties are mere devices for overreaching each other?

To announce a defined plan, if one existed, might be to aggravate the situation. If the German chancellor were to say that no scheme of reorganization would be accepted by the German which did not include Belgium, a slice of northern France, Germany, and Poland for Germany, and Serbia and Austria for Austria, with restoration and extensions of colonial possessions, the allies would resolve that peace was not worth considering so long as a dollar or a man were available.

If the allies authoritatively were to say that the

schemes of Europe must be reshaped in Berlin and that it must include a humiliated Prussia, a destroyed German military system, and a destroyed German navy, peace would disappear from the calculation.

After a profusion of gesture and rhetoric it is coming to be understood that the great changes which were proclaimed as the war's objectives will not come out of military operations. If Europe is to be less an armed camp it will not be because one or the other of the two great alliances has been crushed. It will be because the peoples themselves resolve not to stand in this relation to each other.

If German militarism does not survive the accounting after the war it will not be because the German armies have been disbanded at the command of victory, but because the German people resolve not to continue and support the machine of which all Europe was afraid. The very means by which the enemies of Germany thought to dissipate the menace of this military establishment would be the cause of its continuance.

In the explicable but excited mood of rhetoricians this was a war against war. Decisive military successes might easily make it a war for war, resulting in the exhaustion of everything but national ambitions and hostilities and leaving them the stronger and keener.

VIOLENCE IN TRADE DISPUTES.

It is expected that fifty or sixty indictments will be voted by the November grand jury for acts of violence in labor disputes. They will not include any offenses committed in connection with the garment workers' strike, so that they may be taken as a fair index of continuing conditions.

A community's capacity for accepting or overlooking any wrong that has made itself habitual seems to be unlimited, at least in America, but it is not less a drain upon social health for being ignored. That violence is not merely an occasional excess of the industrial struggle, but an accepted, and, in fact, important feature of labor union tactics, must be admitted. The question for a community to answer is whether it is a fact worthy of thorough examination and treatment or only of occasional superficial attention when it thrusts itself forward in its worst forms.

When a strike begins we may expect violence on both sides unless peace comes very promptly, as in the late street car strike. But the conspicuous disturbance of a great strike is only one phase of the phenomenon of force in labor affairs, and a less dangerous and demoralizing phase than that represented by the inconspicuous and sometimes secret discipline applied to the offending employer, to the scab, to the rival unionist, or the rebellious union member.

Occasional assassinations or sensational reigns of terror call this to our minds, but we learn little from our observations. To demand that the law be enforced and lawbreakers punished is the easy resource of comfortable citizenship. But we all know that the police settle nothing. That is not their function.

Nevertheless, finding all this, Mr. Kitchin fears that some extraordinarily atrocious program will receive the endorsement of congress and that this infatuated nation will be plunged, with a most melodramatic plunge, into the maelstrom, and a most melodramatic maelstrom, of military folly.

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The concrete act of violence must be penalized, but in so doing we do not reach its source, and that, too, is the concern of the community. But neither the crude and slovenly machinery of punitive agencies nor the impalpable and unreliable pressure of public opinion are adequate to produce the law and order which we all seek.

We must have more control over the industrial situation in the interest of all. Employers organized fight employees organized over the body of the common weal. This is stupid and destructive. It breeds political and social evils which ought to have no existence in our existence. Our democratic foresight should be clear enough to discern their inevitable consequences.

Democracy cannot endure unless it is efficient. We are entering an epoch of higher efficiency in Europe and we need to be strong and wise to make our way against peoples that outstrip us in their self-control, in the organization and direction of their total power, in the protection and advancement of the well-being of the individual.

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A LINE O'TYPE OR TWO.

Motto: "How to the Line, as the ships fall where they may."

CHANSON D'AUTOMNE.
A Charles d'Orléans.
DIEU! qu'il fait bon à la retraite,
La môme avec la guerre blanche!
Séduit par son allure fraîche,
Plus d'un ami va s'embusquer.

Et bien qu'on ne veuille manquer
Certains yeux noirs de la perçevante,
Dieu! qu'il fait bon à la retraite,
La môme avec la guerre blanche!

Vous qui ne pouvez plus trinquer
Entre notre ville, le dimanche,
Sur le grand Bou' Mich', en revanche,
Pourrez la guerre remarquer.

Dieu! qu'il fait bon à la retraite! H. D.

THE night editor of the National Geographic Magazine must have made a new plate for the second edition. The copy we have before us at this moment, which must have been the early mail edition, contains the line, "Shoeing an Oxen on the Village Main Street." We follow our t. h. custom of giving three times as much space to the correction of the correction as was occupied by the original error.

The Subtitle Bystander.
(From the Boston Transcript.)

The blaze started soon after two o'clock and in a few minutes, to quote the words of a bystander, the building was a "blazing furnace."

IT appears that a Boston contrib. E. R. was mixed up in that paragraph in Harper's Weekly, and thanks to him we are able now to quote it:

"Does H. L. T., of The Chicago Tribune, know why the same paragraphs, with different headings, appear in his column and in 'Seeing the World'? If so, would it not be more according to Hoyle to inform his correspondent E. R. than to treat the mystery as he does?"

There is no mystery. And we beg to repeat that the headings we put on the paragraphs are as good—as we say it that shouldn't—as the headings which the Weekly attaches to them. We merely wonder why they are changed.

SPEAKING OF PREPAREDNESS.

Sir: A good way to read The Tribune is to read everything in it every day. Doing that, I learned this: Buchanan, a Congressman [Mex. and also?] representing the Sunday gatherings in Riverview park, talked right out against national preparedness of all kinds; that is, against the right kind, against the Garrison Mind, and against even the Watchman Wilson kind. To whom did he talk? Ahhhhhh!!!!!! That's where reading The Tribune all the way through comes in. Buchanan talked to—a "convention of western manufacturers of perfumes and cosmetics!"

So, you see, the world's not ALL out of joint.

F. D.
DESPITE an unconquerable aversion to the topic of names, we record the fact, which may interest some folks, that Mrs. Jehu of Esterville, Ia., aged 75, is an enthusiastic motor driver.

Our Plural Collegues.
Sir: "Better informed than ourselves" appears today in an editorial. Are you going to let him get away with it? W. F. G.

TO stimulate the competition for the Best Hawiern-out in Chicago's traffic squad we will award the winning officer a box of explosive soap.

LA MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

By the Brentwood Co.

KING FERNANDO of Bulgaria has adopted a new flag, or rather national standard, the alterations being very significant. The new flag, which has been issued to all the regiments of the Bulgarian army, consists of a double headed eagle, with a large "F," surrounded by an imperial crown.

Now the double headed eagle is the emblem of the ancient empire of Byzantium, adopted by Emperor Justinian in the sixth century, after his generalissimo Belisarius had conquered Italy and Africa, in the name of Christ. Ferdinand, on the contrary, is a great stickler for these things—even ridiculous ones like Da, Bourboune was at his wits' ends to avoid offense being given to his master or to the latter's ministers, dignitaries and subjects generally.

After the first Balkan war, however, Da, Bourboune felt the atmosphere in the entourage of Ferdinand becoming so intensely German that he begged leave to retire from active service and withdrew to his home in France, occasionally undertaking special private and official missions for the king in Paris and in other capitals of Europe. He decided, however, that he felt the attitude of the king and of his court toward colored soldiers was so abominable that he would no longer serve him, bearing his name on his coat of arms.

When the Byzantine empire was overthrown by the Turks in the fifteenth century, the double headed eagle was assumed for the first time by the emperor of the Holy Roman empire, who claimed to be the successor of the Byzantine emperors, and ever since it has been the heraldic emblem of the reigning house of Austria.

But the czars of Moscow also claimed to be the lawful successors of the Byzantine emperors, on the ground that the home of orthodoxy had been transformed from Constantinople to Moscow, and from that time forth, that is to say from the end of the fifteenth century, the double headed eagle has likewise been the heraldic emblem of the emperors of Russia.

The recent assumption by the Bulgarian King Ferdinand of the double headed eagle serves to corroborate the story according to which Emperor William has purchased the support of Bulgaria in the war against Serbia.

Count Liszt, a Hungarian conservatory of Music, is to include a portrait of Ferdinand in his collection of portraits of famous musicians. He has been subjected to no end of chaff and banter by his German and French relatives about the matter. He now looks to the Kaiser for the realization of his dream.

Robert de Bourboune, a French nobleman who for over twenty years served King Ferdinand at Sofia, first as chamberlain and then as grand master of his court, has just addressed a letter to the French newspapers, in which he analyzes the relations of his former master with his relations with his former master.

It's a decent Gothic now, and the strongest in the State, And the strongest in the State, Let's make a little row, There's such a word as latte.

"THE Progressive party must and will have a ticket in the field." Oh, very well.

IN ACCENTS WILD.

Those who have high brows o'er their eyes
Speak loftily of the allies;

HOW TO ACTION BUT RESOLUTE IS MEXICO'S CHIEF

Character is a Predominant
Characteristic of Carranza;
Dislikes Speeches.

BY MARK S. WATSON.

Notes Negras. Coahuila, Nov. 7.—A surprising number of young men surround General Carranza as advisers. Jesus Huerta V. Funes, who is extremely active in consular affairs, and many of the military leaders are so young as to have no political experience. The chief is surer of the young men who see their rise to him than to the old veterans of other administrations.

It is something of a question as to how far any of the civilian advisers will be able to decide government policies for the chief. His impressions are that he makes his own decisions, and then hangs them with a grim determination which is not considered generally a Latin trait.

Carranza Deliberate.—The old man may be slow about doing things, but he's got the idea that he is not brilliant, but he is solid, and he's been seen how he will work out the enormous problems ahead of him, which simply took over an established government. Huerta did the same. Carranza has been fighting all these months and has inherited no political fabric at all. He has to construct a new government, and one which is entirely different from those of the past. It's lucky for him that he is not brilliant, for a brilliant man would try to do it himself and would lose his head—figuratively or literally, or both. Carranza's patience and deliberation may accomplish momentous results where traits would be of no permanent value.

Dislike Speeches.—In his speech the first chief is definitely. He hates to make speeches anyway, and generally lets others talk to him. He is not likely to take on the task. Even over his desk he does not like to speak, preferring to listen to them, draw his own conclusions, and after weeks afterward announce what he will do. For days he balked agains giving a newspaper interview, and kept postponing the dreaded event by evasion at which the Latin American mind is master.

The interview finally granted, the first chief greeted his visitors gravely, scrutinized them, wheeled about and pointed to the chairs he wished them to occupy.

Just Like Sunday Closing.—There is a great deal of protest against him. "The man who enforces law which has long been neglected must expect to be popular with the people," he said. "For years certain large property holders in Mexico have been evading taxes. The law is quite clear. I am enforcing it. Hence much of the trouble."

The highest figure in Mexico bowed, graved, and waited until the protest had left, and then returned to the almost endless conference with his advisers. An hour later he went for a brief walk to lunch with an old friend, accompanied by three or four companions, but entirely without ceremony.

Courtesy to Individuals.—At the gate of the citizens house stood the wives and mothers, most of them wives or mothers who wanted to know about a man in the army from whom nothing had been heard. They approached with confidence, and never did one leave without talking with the big bearded man in the plain khaki uniform.

It was one of many examples of a natural and unpretentious democracy. On his way to the train in departure from one town or another he is invariably checked by the cry of "O Señor Presidente Jefe," not once but several times by those who have already sequestered from the estates on which taxes have long been delinquent supplicants.

SOCIETY AT THE OPERA

Most of the Melba devotees chose to sit in the body of the house last evening at the special performance of *La Bohème*. "We are here with mother," said little Roger Clausen, as she and her little sister promenaded. "Will our dresses be all dressed? My sister's name is Sonya. That's Russian, but I don't know what mine is."

Roger was dressed in white chiffon, and Sonya, who wore her long blond hair in curls, wore pale green chiffon over white. They are the daughters of Mme. Julia Clausen of the opera company.

Mme. Louise Edwina wears a costume of cloth of gold with a swirl of pale gray tulles wrapped about her and her bodice edged with rhinestones. She wore long diamond earrings.

Mr. John Alden Carpenter, who was her guest, wore dull green tulles and Roman gold satin. About her head was a bandage of gold.

Mrs. Katheryn Dudley wore a gown of spiderweb of gold and silver, with thick black tulles about her bodice. She wore quaintly set rope of amethyst beads twice about her throat which fell to her waist line.

In box 5 were Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hobart, who had with them Miss Corinne Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Bell, Miss Grace Marie Carpenter, and Mrs. Max Estis. Guests: Mrs. Weber Stoen, Mrs. John C. Matheson, Mrs. Pauline, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Chisholm.

BOX 20—Mrs. Frederic Shyder of St. Paul. Guests: Charlotte House of Minneapolis, Miss Mystic, Miss Mitchell of Kansas City, Mrs. Jim L. Beardsley, Alma Peterson of St. Paul, Mrs. B. C. Brandon of New York City.

BOX 22—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. John. Guests: Mr. and Mrs. Elias Mayer, Mr. William Beck, Miss Nina Jewell.

BOX 23—Miss Valerie Devries. Guests: Miss Anna Clausen, Miss Roger Clausen, Miss Sonya Clausen, Mr. and Mrs. Justice P. Seburg.

BOX 25—I. R. Spiegel. Guests: Mrs. Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Rosenthal, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bissell, Dr. Yonquist.

BOX 26—Miss Myrtle Sharlow. Guests: Mrs. D. A. Standiford, Miss June Ewing, E. B. Hitchcock, J. M. Byrne.

BOX 40—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hall. Guests: Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Saenger, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Bassi.

BOX 41—Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Dawson. Guests: Dr. and Mrs. Lester Frankenthal, Carl Anderson of New York.

BOX 45—Mr. and Mrs. Charles York. Guests: Mrs. George Furtach, Mrs. Charles York, Mr. and Mrs. William Smale.

BOX 46—Mr. and Mrs. A. Judas. Guests: Mrs. James L. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Well, Miss M. Lichtenstein, Miss Loreto Walsh.

BOX 53—Miss Louise Edwina. Guests: Mrs. John A. Carpenter, Miss Katherine Dudley, H. R. Harvey.

IN THE BOXES.

NELLIE MELBA SCORES TRIUMPH IN 'LA BOHEME'

Australian Prima Donna's Popularity Emphasized by Curtain Calls.

BY ERIC DE LAMARTINE.

An ovation for Mme. Nellie Melba marked the performance of *"La Bohème"* last evening at the Auditorium, and the perennial popularity of the star was emphasized by a half dozen curtain calls for her alone at the end of the third act.

There were cries of "Bravo!" from all parts of the audience, and the applause was vigorous at the least provocation throughout the performance. The house was filled, excepting for the boxes, which were rather sparsely inhabited.

At the end of the second act, Mme. Melba generously shared the honors of the stage with Miss Anna Clausen, whose Minnie was a vivacious bit of soprano singing and acting. Concentration of the tone will make this young soprano a valuable member of the company, for the tone itself is delightful. Not even the individual success of Amadeo Bassi, who redeemed himself defiantly on this occasion, nor the five minutes of stubbornness on the steel curtain's perch which delayed the start of the last act, nor the generally lively mood of the performance could take attention from Mme. Melba's ovation, however.

Villa Wins at Hermosillo. REPORT IN NOGALES SAYS.

Declared to Have Repulsed Obregon's Forces—Three Hundred Carranzistas Dead on Field.

Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 19.—The battle for possession of Hermosillo, capital of Sonora, has been in progress since late yesterday, according to advices received by Villa officials.

It also was claimed that Gen. Obregon, the Carranza leader, was repulsed in an engagement near Cananea.

Three hundred Carranza dead were left on the field. Villa is said to be directing the fighting of his forces.

Villa officials were reported to have confiscated a consignment of copper, said to be valued at approximately \$600,000, which arrived at Nogales, Sonora, from the mines of the Cananea Consolidated Copper company.

TRADE SCHOOLS TO SAVE YOUNG TOILERS TO NATION.

Educational Speaker Deplores "Two Million a Year Toll of Child Labor."

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 19.—More than 2,000,000 children between the ages of 14 and 18 years is the annual sacrifice taken by child-labor out of the schools, according to Miss Anne Davis, director of the vocational division of the University of Chicago, addressed to the National League of Competitive Education Officials.

These children are barely able to read and write a simple sentence, she declared.

Low grade industries for girls in factories and running errands by boys, with idle time on the streets, seal the doom of our prospective industrial classes.

Finally he was subdued, blindfolded, and led to the place of execution. He was quickly adjusted to the death chair and the squad fired.

Hillstrom's body was claimed by Ed Rowan, secretary of the local Industrial Workers of the World organization, who said it would be sent to William D. Haywood next Monday for burial in Chicago.

Calis Hillstrom Innocent.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 19.—The police are looking for William Busky, who affixed his cross to an affidavit to the effect that he was with Joseph Hillstrom, from 2 to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and at night on Jan. 10, 1914, when the Morrison murder took place in Salt Lake City. The general belief at police headquarters is that the Industrial Workers used Busky in a desperate effort to stay the execution.

SENATOR OWEN DRAFTS BILL FOR TAX ON INHERITANCES.

Oklahoman Supports Campaign of "The Tribune"—Discusses Proposed Measure with Wilson.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—[Special]—Another Democratic leader came out today in support of a tax on inheritances advocated by *The Tribune*. Senator Owen of Oklahoma, who called at the White House to discuss revenue legislation with the president, said that he intends to introduce an inheritance tax bill in the forthcoming session of congress. The bill will provide a heavily graduated tax on large fortunes.

TENNESSEE PRIMARY TODAY.—Democrats End Hard Fought Campaign for Nomination of U. S. Senator.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 19.—After one of the hardest fought campaigns in the history of the state, Tennessee Democrats will hold a primary tomorrow to select a nominee for United States senator. Senator Luke Lea of Nashville is a candidate to succeed him and is opposed by Representative K. D. McCall and former Gov. Malcolm R. Patterson, both of Memphis. All three tonight were predicting success.

"There has been no confederation of railroad property, either. The charter specifically states that the roads may be used by the government whenever necessary, and the acceptance of the charter specifically waived claims against such use. For military reasons we must continue for a time to operate the railroads, but as soon as peace is complete the roads will be returned to the companies. We are doing a great deal of reconstruction for the companies today."

The highest figure in Mexico bowed, graved, and waited until the protest had left, and then returned to the almost endless conference with his advisers. An hour later he went for a brief walk to lunch with an old friend, accompanied by three or four companions, but entirely without ceremony.

WHAT CAUSES COLDS?

This question is asked every day. A cold is really a fever, not always caused by the weather but often due to disordered blood or lack of important food-elements. In changing seasons fat-foods are essential because they distribute heat by enriching the blood and so render the system better able to withstand the varying elements. This is the important reason why Scott's Emulsion should always be taken for colds, and it does more—builds strength to prevent sickness.

Scott's Emulsion contains Nature's rare strength building fats, so skillfully blended that the blood profits from every drop. It is free from harmful drugs or alcohol. Sold at drug stores—always get the genuine.

"We will go ahead enforcing the tax laws and other laws. We will continue reconstruction as we have started, adding schools to railway equipment, to the efficiency of the courts, organizing local governments, developing our resources. But measures will be developed in the right way, absolutely without favoritism."

Opposition to special privilege is in keeping with the Carranza program, and therein is the striking point of difference from previous administrations.

Favor Back-to-Land Policy.—"We will provide the men of the cities who wish to till the soil with ample opportunity," he continued. "To such we will supply at moderate price small tracts of good agricultural land. Much is now open for such settlement, being the land we have already sequestered from the estates on which taxes have long been delinquent suppliants."

OUR COUNTRY'S CHURCHES.

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PREP ELEVENS BATTLE TODAY FOR CITY TITLE

Englewood Favorite Over Crane in Final Chicago League Game.

Prep Games Today.

Englewood vs. Crane, American Giants' park, 2:30 p.m. (Major championship). Hyde Park vs. Seno, Stage field, 4 p.m. (Minor championship).

Englewood academy vs. High school, Northwestern, 10 a.m.

Lake Forest academy vs. Joliet college, Lake Forest, 10 a.m.

Crane Tech vs. Calver, Calver, 10 a.m.

BY OTTO A. ENGEL.

Englewood High, picked by pre-season experts as the best team in the Chicago High School Football league, will enter today's championship game at the American Giants' park at 2:30 o'clock against Crane Tech a decided favorite. Even the most optimistic Crane adherents cannot figure anything but a defeat for the west sliders, while most of them would be pleased if the Tech eleven is fortunate enough to hold its heavier opponents to three touchdowns.

Despite the apparent difference in the strength of the two teams, Coach Meyer of Crane has never let up a minute during the entire week, and has worked his youngerbs harder than any other Chicago league squad has been driven this season. Although it appears as if Crane is doomed to follow in the wake of Hyde Park, Wendell Phillips, Harrison, and De Paul, Meyer is hopeful that with breaks in luck he will furnish one of the usual Saturday upsets which have featured football both east and west.

Crane Has Most Beef.

Crane, like De Paul, has an average eleven pounds less to a man. Englewood will tip the scales at 1,764 pounds, while Crane will weigh in at 1,646, the average being 161 and 149. The southern champions will have nine pounds of beef more in the line on the average, while the back field will weigh about eleven more.

In a contest which probably will create as much interest as the major clash, Benn, champion of the northern lightweight section, will battle Hyde Park, title holder in the southern, at Stage field at 4 p.m. this morning. There is much bitterness between the two elevens because of the hot fight each has had to get into the final combat, and also the charges that have been hurled at each other.

Town Duel at Englewood.

Englewood will stage its annual prep championship this morning, when the academy and high school teams clash. On deck are eleven from the favor, the one considers the comparative merits of the New Year games. Crane has lost only one game this year, and both are primed for the toughest battle of the season.

Lineup of the Englewood-Crane game:

Englewood: C. Crane: R. E. R. Anderson [142]—Gibbs [185].... L. E. H. G. Saylor [141]—Farnham [171].... L. G. C. G. Lipman [156]—Greenwald [162].... L. G. E. H. R. Wolf [146]—Vernes [130].... L. Q. B. B. B. Palmer [167]—Oates [151].... R. H. B. B. B. Heeren [176]—George [146].... F. B. Total weight—Englewood: 1,764; Crane: 1,646. Average line—Englewood: 162; Crane: 154. Average backs—Englewood: 150; Crane: 158.

U. HIGH PLAYS OAK PARK TO TIE

Oak Park and University High schools played a 0 to 0 tie game in the deciding match for the championship of the Suburban High School Soccer league at University High field yesterday. The field was sloppy and neither side was able to perform up to standard. The tie will be played off Thanksgiving morning. Line-ups:

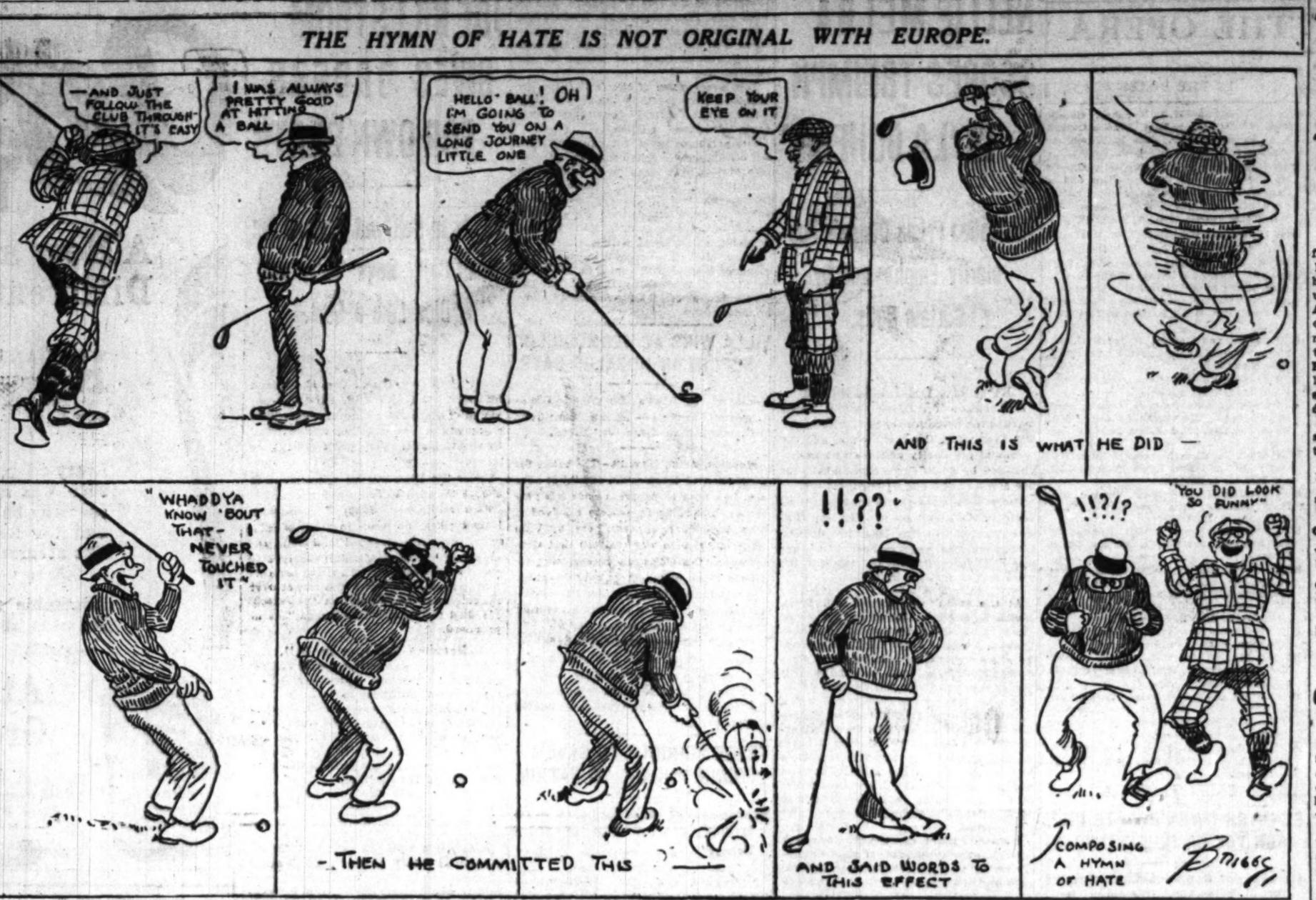
Oak Park: U. High..... Goal: Thomas Hattie..... Right back: Beaman (Capt.) Morris..... Left back: Farnham (Vorches) Blount..... Right half back: Frazer Stanley..... Cent. half back: Flack Danner..... Left half back: Smith United..... Outside right: Callahan McMasters..... Inside right: Lydon Crosson..... Center: Pike Ratcliff..... Inside left: Long Erwin..... Outside left: Vorchies

This afternoon at a different street and Cottage Grove avenue Englewood and Crane will meet to decide the championship of the Chicago High School Soccer league. Play will start at 2:30 o'clock. The winner will play the Suburban league winner.

The ninety pound teams of Palmer and Calumet Parks will meet on the Pullman football field this afternoon for the championship of the south parks system.

DE PAUL U. VS. ST. AMBROSE.

De Paul university football team, led by Coach Paups, will leave this morning to meet the strong St. Ambrose eleven of Davenport, Ia. Paups has been in charge of the university squad only for a week and has whipped the team into shape for this contest. On their return the De Paul players will prepare for their closing game with Keokuk Academy here Thanksgiving day.



N. D. Bassett of Wisconsin Tells How He Sold Tickets

BY REED L. PARKER.

All one had to do to secure 200 tickets for the Chicago-Illinois game today was to present himself before Business Manager David S. Merriam with a statement that he intended to be used by Wisconsin alumnus, if a version of the affair gives The Tribune by Norman D. Bassett yesterday is true.

Bassett, a member of the firm of Bassett & Bassett, with offices in the Republic building, who is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin and a member of Alpha Delta Phi fraternity, was accused of having diverted tickets for the Maroon-Illini "to others than for whom they were intended" by Merriam in a statement issued Thursday night. Merriam said further that Bassett purchased the tickets in the name of the Wisconsin alumnus, and that he had heard from officials of the University of Wisconsin club of Chicago that they knew nothing about Bassett's purchase and had not authorized his actions.

Bassett Makes Explanation.

Bassett came to the office of The Tribune yesterday with his explanation, while Merriam was at a weekly luncheon with members of the Badger club. Here is what he said:

"I told Mr. Merriam at the time I purchased the tickets I intended them for use of amateur friends and customers. I did not mention the members of the Badger club. Chicago nor did he. The reason I gave him was there was no mention of the statement in the paper. Mr. Bassett had been authorized to act as agent for anyone who could not arrange to attend the three meetings at which the tickets would be sold."

Bassett Corrects Merriam.

President Merriam of the Wisconsin club took exception to the statement made by Mr. Bassett that he had charge of the ticket sale for the Wisconsin-Chicago game. In a letter to the public he stated that he had charge of the sale and that Bassett had aided him. Merriam was shown the letter and added a postscript which said he was mistaken as to this point. He said further that Mr. Bassett's activities in connection with the previous sale had led him to presume Bassett was in charge. Mr. Van Hagen's statement, in part, follows:

"In view of the fact that a number of the spectators at the Wisconsin-Chicago football game have risen into the hands of speculators, the athletic department of the University of Chicago has been unable to estimate the number of seats which the speculators have sold, were in a block of 300 seats assigned to a Wisconsin alumnus. Mr. D. A. Bassett, president of the Wisconsin club, the officers of this association would like to offer the following statement:

I am sorry to say that Mr. N. D. Bassett of the drum of Bassett & Bassett secured, several days ago, a block of some 300 seats from Mr. Merriam or the University of Chicago athletic department.

No Appetite?

THEN TAKE A GLASS OF

Dubonnet

The World's Greatest Tonic and Appetizer

Superior to the Best Cocktail

In every club, hotel, cafe, bar, and restaurant in Chicago.

Important—When ordering Dubonnet look for cat on the label.

Refuse others with contempt as spurious imitations.

There's a World of Comfort in Clothes That Really Fit You

NICOLL The Tailor WM JERREMS' SONS Clark and Adams Streets

Made to ORDER

A NICOLL-MADE Overcoat

means more comfort, style and general satisfaction than you'll get from the ordinary kind.

That's because we put all our knowledge into buying the right sort of fabrics—and all our skill into making them up properly. The saving in price also is an important item.

\$25, \$30, \$35, and Upward

Very Special—A Nicoll Standard Overcoat, \$35

silk lined, priced at \$35

Ascot Quality Style No. 643

Extra flexible sole

soft vic kid uppers. \$6

If you have weak or broken down arches, come here

and try on a pair of these shoes—your feet will benefit

Crossett "Doctor" Shoe

"Makes legs walk easy" TRADE MARK

In the Men's Shoppe Main Floor Dearborn Street.

RECORDS BEATEN AS SIX DAY CYCLISTS START WEARY GRIND

BULLETIN.

At 3 a.m., after five hours' riding, the leading teams had covered 123 miles. Madonna and Van der Stuyft and Miller and Ohrst were a lap behind.

BY RAY C. PEARSON.

If it should happen that Johnny Coulon, former bantamweight champion of the world, announces his retirement from the ring after his next battle, it will be because he has a new manager. It would take more than a trimming to cause the little Logan Square scrapper to renounce his profession of mitt swinging, but when his new manager tells him to throw away the padded mitts he's going to do it because the manager is his mother.

When Coulon got back from the wilds of Canada, where he roughed it for three months to recuperate, his mother, who had been a rooter for him, told him that she wanted him to come home again, so he followed up this advantage by driving Johnnie into a corner, where he couldn't escape.

BY J. J. ALCOCK.

With 5,000 cycle fans cheering them on, the riders in the six day race at the Coliseum wrecked the previous world record for one hour of pedaling by traveling 26 miles and 6 laps in their first hour of effort last night. The former record for one hour was 25 miles and 6 laps over a similar track.

An account of the accident which resulted in the death of Louis Kuehl appears in another part of this paper.

Mother Makes Inquiry.

A moment later he was bombarded with the question:

"What are your plans about this boxing business?"

The wee scrapper took time to get his breath and answered: "Well, I'm going to start training in a few days and then go out and regain the championship. After I get the title again I may retire."

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New Mark for Second Hour.

Those who have followed bike racing for years declare the Coliseum race the fastest ever built, and that the world's record for long distance riding will be lowered to almost unbearable figures in the week's grind here. The spills lent the chief flavor of excitement to the start of the long ride, but fortunately no one was badly hurt.

Every one of the six day riders had experience enough to dodge the dangerous turns at the east turn of the track for all of them knew of the fate that had befallen the amateur, Kuehl.

New Record for Second Hour.

Two hours of riding found the endurance demons dropping back to normal pace. At 12 o'clock the score showed 20 miles and 9 laps, just seven laps, or seven-tenths of a mile, ahead of the world record. Our team, the Ohrst-Miller combination, was lapped in the two hours of speed.

Promises

"I guess mother is right. She has managed me for nearly twenty-six years and hasn't made any mistakes. If I find that I'm not as good as I used to be I'll tell her. I had a nice game over Johnny's head and he added: "If you knew mother you'd know I'm going to retire when she tells me to."

Benny Troubles and Tommy O'Neill.

They were to meet in a ten round bout in private last night, failed to get together.

"The bout has been postponed for a week. No reason was given.

Mother Coulon Names Self as Manager of Son Johnny

BY RAY C. PEARSON.

but I think I can get into as good condition as ever."

Mother Coulon listened with polite attention until Johnny had finished, then countered with: "Well, what if you find that you cannot fight winning battles like you used to do? Then what are you going to do?"

Makes It Plain for Coulon.

Coulon didn't have an answer ready for this question, but his mother supplied it.

"If you can't win, go out and get the title, but if you find you can't defeat the other boys you are going to quit!"

That ended the conversation on boxing, but it caused the little scrapper to do a lot of thinking. But it didn't take him long to reach a definite conclusion.

"I guess mother is right. She has managed me for nearly twenty-six years and hasn't made any mistakes. If I find that I'm not as good as I used to be I'll tell her. I had a nice game over Johnny's head and he added: "If you knew mother you'd know I'm going to retire when she tells me to."

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BASEBALL STARS TO SHOOT AT LINCOLN PARK TODAY.

Christy Mathewson, Chief Bender, Harry Davis, and Doc Crandall will be in town today shooting 'em over, but not baseballistically speaking. As members of the Dupont team they will give an exhibition of their skill as marksmen at the Lincoln park range against the local club team at 1:30 o'clock. The baseball stars competed in an exhibition at Milwaukee, losing by 44 points. Chief Bender led his team with 98 breaks in 100.

ESTABLISHED 1879 BY J. LEHMANN

THE FAIR

The Store of To-Day and To-Morrow

STANLEY ADAMS & DEARBORN ST. PHONE PRIVATE EXCHANGE 3

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Ninth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Tenth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Eleventh floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Twelfth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Thirteenth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Fourteenth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Fifteenth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Sixteenth floor, Dearborn Street, Chicago.

MAROONS SET FOR ILLINI; BADGERS PLAY GOPHERS

Champions Favorites in Freezing Weather to Be Final Game of Conference Season.

Clash Today.

HEAVY FIELD LIKELY. NORTHMEN AS CHOICE.

The Chicago-Illinois game is scheduled to start at 2 o'clock instead of 2:30, as heretofore.

By JAMES CRUSINER.

Illinoian, confident and fit for a supreme effort, will battle Chicago, hopeful and determined, on Stagg field today in the final football combat of the season, and indications are that the biggest crowd since 1910 will look on, regardless of wintry winds, snow, rain, sleet, or any other atmospheric conditions the weather man may choose.

Both teams are in top form. Illinois has two its strongest stars, Harold and Clark, prepared to do unusual things. Chicago will have the Pete Russell, the greatest rival of the year, and his field runners, at his best, and if the field is not too wet, the fans may see the most spectacular contest of the year.

According to the prophets it will be just as indescribable tomorrow as regards temperature, but the wind will die down a little. If the wind is humid it certainly cannot keep up its present pace and live.

Skating Rink for Field.

The field of play has been covered with hay for days, but before it got so cold there was a driving rain and undoubtedly some of it sifted through the hay. So with tomorrow's promised freeze, the gridiron will probably be like the skating rink.

If so, Minnesota will have the advantage. If not, the advantage will be with Minnesota. Or, as Bill Juncu said after the same game last Saturday, "Our chances are about the same in any sort of weather."

Today Mr. Juncu had a golden opportunity to win back some of the popularity, which, it is said, this year's disasters have cost him. And he did not let him down. The Maroon, having lost to Minnesota, can hope only for a claim to second place in the conference rating by a victory today, while Bob Zuppke's boys are fighting to keep the championship they won a year ago. Even with a victory, however, they will have to share the honor with Minnesota, as they played a game with the Gophers.

Final practice was taken by both teams in the dead of night. The two days of severe weather has hurt Stagg field only slightly, as one gridiron had been covered with a thick matting of hay. This will not be remedied until noon today, unless Stagg is out in the early morning.

Figure 8. Illini Slight Favorites. Illinois, undefeated, is a slight favorite in the eyes made by enthusiastic students. The report was that the downstate power were prepared to offer 3 to 2. Chicago has tradition and Stagg on its side.

The Maroon has lost to Illinois only once in the past in a game played on the Chicago field. But the Maroon, having lost to Minnesota, can hope only for a claim to second place in the conference rating by a victory today, while Bob Zuppke's boys are fighting to keep the championship they won a year ago. Even with a victory, however, they will have to share the honor with Minnesota, as they played a game with the Gophers.

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Figure 9. Here's Treat for Readers. Those who are there say the Illini will be greatly handicapped by a wet and cold field, because it will be so much harder for their speedy back field men to get traction. And there are those who think the Maroon will be handicapped by the same condition, because the Illini have a slight advantage in weight.

Coch Zuppke of the State university does not think such predictions aren't worth shocks. "A wet field will hinder us," he said, "but it will bother them just as much. If a fellow can't start quickly, it must also be true that the fellow who is supposed to bring him down can't start as quickly."

According to the Illini leader, the weather will make no difference. It will be a fifty-fifty condition and the best team ought to win just the same if the conditions were ideal.

Figure 10. Flood Back in Game.

Indications are that Stagg will start strong, with Schaefer and Schaefer, and the right start. Carl Towle, and Flood combined some other combination to still keep the strength of the team intact. Flood, who was ineligible for the Minnesota game because of classroom conditions, was reinstated yesterday and will be found on hand. Gordon, another half back, is on the ailing list and not likely to get into the fray.

The first practice of the Midway squad was not long, but was brisk and spirited. After it was over, and the boys had gone, the spectators, Stagg happened to notice two or three of the football trick boys and called them all back to the field in their street clothes to learn the tricks. When it was all over and the athletes had gone next to bed, the veteran director uttered no prediction as to the outcome, nor expressed hope of victory.

Illini Happy Bunch.

Each sheet, and snow didn't dampen the ardor of Bob Zuppke's militant players as they took their final drill. There was a spirit of exuberance on the squad of thirty-five athletes. It was almost a spirit of reckless abandon. It might have been because this is the final game of the season, meaning the end of the period of training, but more than likely it was because those boys from Urbana feel confident.

There were three separate and distinct groups. It was our privilege to see the eyes of other big guys up here. To pep was taken out of Wisconsin by the defeat at Chicago. McCrory, a very likely back field man, tore some ligaments in practice, and now has one arm in a sling. A good game guy might play with one arm against some elevens, but not Minnesots.

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HUGHES BETTER THAN ROOT, SAYS MOOSE LEADER

Medill McCormick Declares
New Yorker Is Not Right
Man for President.

New York, Nov. 19.—(Special)—Medill McCormick of Chicago, who reported at the Plaza tonight after a two hour talk with Col. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. He made it plain right at the start that whatever he may have to say must not be taken as a report on this meeting. He wanted it understood that he did not reflect the views of Col. Roosevelt, A. Richet was authorized to take full advantage of the offer of information on his own behalf.

Root Out of the Question.

Mr. McCormick, who has been doing considerable traveling about the country of late, thinks that Elihu Root is out of the question as the candidate of the Republicans for the presidency.

Even though he is strong—stronger than some of his opponents are willing to admit—and this is due in no small part to the lack of united opposition to him and the policies he advocates. As between the president and Elihu Root there is no choice for those who left the Republican party in 1912. They would vote for President Wilson, says Mr. McCormick.

That was one of the things he told Col. Roosevelt, and he learned that others had told the colonel the same thing.

Oppose Wilson Defense Plan.

Mr. McCormick finds much opposition to the president's preparedness scheme. He thinks the country is pretty well divided for and against preparedness, but it does little sentiment of mass.

"There is a general sentiment for Hughes throughout the country," Mr. McCormick said, "than for any other Republican mentioned for the presidential nomination, just as there is more opposition to Senator Root than to any other Republican mentioned."

Asked whether he thought the Republican party had become sufficiently progressive to warrant the Progressives in going back to it Mr. McCormick said there was no way of determining that for the country as a whole.

MOOSE TICKET FOR 1916.

George W. Perkins, national chairman of the Progressive party, in an interview given out in Chicago yesterday, affirmed that the Progressive party will have a national ticket in 1916 and that the party organization will be maintained as it has been since 1912. Mr. Perkins did not indicate who might be the party's nominee for president and said he was speaking on his own responsibility and not officially.

DEBS DECLINES TO RUN ON SOCIALIST TICKET.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 19.—Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for president of the United States in 1904, 1908, and 1912, in a formal statement today announced that he had declined the fifth nomination for the presidency at the hands of his party.

"It is the first time that I have ever been asked to decline the nomination," said Mr. Debs. "Ever before I have always been nominated at conventions when I was not in attendance. This time the nomination was made by referendum, and I recently received notice that I had been nominated. I have mailed a letter today to the national officers of the Socialist party announcing that I will decline the nomination."

Mr. Debs said he would make no statement regarding his reasons for not accepting the nomination.

CIVIL SERVICE LIST OFFERED

Commission Now Ready to Give Aldermen Information on Appointments.

CHANGE IN POLICY SEEN

Further evidence of a big change of policy in the management of city civil service matters was manifested yesterday in a letter sent to the council committee on finance.

Percy B. Coffin, president of the commission, wrote the aldermen that he would be glad to aid them in obtaining a list of all the temporary appointments now outstanding. He even went so far as to offer to pay from the commission's appropriation the salary of an employee to be appointed by the committee. This offer was not accepted finally, but Chairman John A. Richet was authorized to take full advantage of the offer of information on his own behalf.

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Mandel Brothers

Boys' clothes shop—second floor

Typical of the fruits of Mandel specialization:

Boys' gray corduroy suits

6.75

—norfolk model
—2 prs. trousers



—dark gray suits, strongly tailored, made to withstand the knocks that go with boyish pranks. The coats with yoke, plaits and patch pockets; the pants full cut; the corduroy in dark gray; sizes 7 to 17 years.

Shirt and blouse specials for boys

48c

Fancy striped madras and percale blouses with yoke in back and with attached collars; sizes 6 to 16. The shirts of striped percale and madras, separate collar to match; sizes 12½ to 14. All at 48c. Second floor.

1000 boys' and youths' silk neckties at 25c

Boys' all-wool sweaters, oxford gray; with sport collar; sizes 26 to 35; values high above the average—4.50.

This Store of the Christmas Spirit is now ready with complete stocks and additional salespeople. We urgently recommend shopping early.

Suggestions for Men's Christmas Gifts

Something for Personal Use or Ornament

| | |
|--|---|
| Watches | Drinking Cups |
| Eight-day Wrist Watches | Cravat Holders |
| Watch Chains | Memorandum Books |
| Emblem Charms | Address Books |
| Traveling Clocks | Engagement Books |
| Desk Clocks | Diararies |
| Field Glasses | Desk Sets |
| Binoculars | Paper Knives |
| Pedometers | Ink Stands |
| Kodaks | Desk Calendars |
| Graflex Cameras | Writing Portfolios |
| Eyeglass Cases | Book Ends |
| Silver Knives | Card Cases |
| Silver Pencils | Urgent Cases |
| Silvers Smoking Sets | Bill Boxes |
| Silver Cigar Box Opener | Suit Cases |
| Military Brushess, silver back | Traveling Bags |
| Scarf Pins | Razor Strips |
| Cuff Buttons | Nail Clips |
| Belt Buckles | Nail Files |
| Cigarette Cases | Key Pockets |
| Rings | Key Chains |
| Dress Sets | Umbrellas |
| Cigar Cutters | Cane |
| Book Racks | Umbrella and Cane Sets |
| Collar Button Boxes | Suit Case Umbrellas |
| Laundry Bags | Bag Umbrellas |
| Knit Slippers | Folding Canes |
| Knit Bed Socks | Padding Canes |
| Rocky Water Sets | Cane Umbrellas |
| Brush and Comb Trays | Table Lamps |
| Steins | Floor Lamps, smoker's attachments |
| Fruit Bowls | Military Brushes |
| Mexican Water Bottles | Clothes Brushes |
| Thermos Bottles | Hair Brushes |
| Cigar Holders | Whisk Brooms |
| Cigar Lighters | Dressing Combs |
| Meerschaum Pipes | Tourist Cases |
| Briar Pipes | Garment Hang-ups in sets for traveling |
| Cigar Cutters | Handkerchiefs, colored border, white, hemstitched and initial |
| Leather Collar Bags | Field Wardrobe Flasks |
| Leather Shirt Cases | Trunks |
| Leather Hand-kerchief Cabi-nets | |
| Card Tables | |
| Secretaries | |
| Reading Stands | |
| Framed Pictures, colored prints and reproduction | |
| Black-and-White Etchings | |
| Domestic Rugs | |
| Oriental Rugs | |
| Library Sets, scissors and paper knife | |
| Carving Knives | |
| Fowl Shears | |
| Nut Crackers | |
| Silver Calen-dars | |
| Silver Cigar Boxes | |
| Something for Home | |
| Leather Chairs | Silver Cigarette Boxes |
| Morris Chairs | Silver Bottle Openers |
| Bookcases | Silver Mint Julep Cup |
| Footstools | Silver Cork-screw |
| Library Tables | Silver Carving Set |
| Chairs and Rockers, upholstered | Silver Wine Cooler |
| Office Desks | Floor Ash Stands |
| Office Chairs | Cigar Humidors |
| Sectional Book-cases | Pipe Racks |
| Chiffoniers | Tobacco Jars |
| Costumers | Shaving Mirrors |
| Smokers' Stands | Shaving Mirrors |
| Cellophones | Sticks |
| Ash Trays | Electric Flash-lights |
| Smokers' Cabinets | Bath Sprays |
| Card Tables | Garment Hang-ups |
| Secretaries | Electric Heaters |
| Reading Stands | Electric Shaving Mirrors |
| Framed Pictures, colored prints and reproduction | Heating Pads |
| Black-and-White Etchings | Electric Flash-lights |
| Domestic Rugs | Bath Sprays |
| Oriental Rugs | Garment Hang-ups |
| Library Sets, scissors and paper knife | Electric Vibrators |
| Carving Knives | Tie Racks |
| Fowl Shears | Silk Flags |
| Nut Crackers | Waste Baskets |
| Silvers Calendars | Standard Books in library bindings |
| Silver Cigar Boxes | Pillows |
| Something to Wear | Leather Table Scarfs |
| Fur Coats | Navajo Blankets |
| Fur-lined Coats | |
| Fur Robes | |
| Fur Foot Muffs | |
| Fur Collars, detachable | |
| Sport Coats | |
| Lounging Robes | |
| Bath Robes | |
| Raincoats | |
| Sweaters | |
| Macramé | |
| Fancy Vests | |
| White and Black Dress Vests | |
| Dress Cloths for Day and Evening | |
| Overcoats | |
| Men's Over-gaiters, in colors | |
| Cravats | |
| Mufflers, knitted | |
| Suspenders | |
| Garters | |
| Monogram Belt | |
| Buckles | |
| Silk Reeffers | |
| | |

Something to Wear

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Fur Coats | Silk Mufflers |
| Fur-lined Coats | Full Dress Protectors |
| Fur Robes | Gloves, kid, silk, dress, fur |
| Fur Foot Muffs | Shirts |
| Fur Collars, detachable | Collars |
| Sport Coats | Night Shirts |
| Lounging Robes | Pajamas |
| Bath Robes | Hats, d e r b y, soft, silk |
| Raincoats | Fur Caps |
| Sweaters | House Slippers |
| Macramé | Patent Leather Pumps |
| Fancy Vests | Cabinet Leather |
| White and Black Dress Vests | Dancing Oxford Shoes |
| Dress Cloths for Day and Evening | Patent Leather Shoes |
| Overcoats | Men's Over-gaiters, in colors |
| Men's Over-gaiters, in colors | Riding Boots |
| Cravats | Hunting Boots |
| Mufflers, knitted | Dull Leather Belts |
| Suspenders | Pumps |
| Garters | Half Hose, in boxes, cotton, lisle and silk. |
| Monogram Belt | Golf Gloves |
| Buckles | Skating Shoes |
| Silk Reeffers | Gym Shoes |
| | Hockey Shoes |
| | Silk Bandanas |
| | Suit Cases |
| | Golf Clubs |
| | Golf Bags |
| | Golf Balls |
| | Golf Suits |
| | Hunting Apparel |

Something for Recreation

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| Ice Skates | Golf Gloves |
| Tennis Rackets | Skating Shoes |
| Gymnasium Apparatus | Gym Shoes |
| Blazers | Hockey Shoes |
| Golf Coats | Silk Bandanas |
| Outing Trousers | Hunting Apparel |
| Golf Knickers | Suit Cases |
| Motor Coats | Golf Clubs |
| Glacier Coats | Golf Bags |
| Golf Shirts | Golf Balls |
| Skating Gloves | Golf Suits |
| Automobile Gauntlets | Hunting Apparel |

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

ANNEX--The Store for Men-

Everywhere in the Store for Men new ideas are offered in men's acceptable Christmas gifts—from the very moderate priced to the most costly.

Smart Overcoats for Men, Young Men and Youths



A man may feel comfortable in one of our Coats because they are correct in every detail. The models illustrated are adapted to all tastes and to most occasions.

One may prefer a double breasted Kenneth Durward Motor Coat; a Chesterfield for general street wear; an extremely smart, snug fitting, high waisted, double breasted Coat, a single breasted, patch pocket Coat with character in every line, or a warm, roomy Ulster with belted back

POLITICAL WAR PREDICTED FOR EXTRA SESSION

Chance for Short and Friendly
Legislature Goes Glimmer-
ing with Call.

MY LAST THROUGH WINTER.

Not the chance for a short, sweet, and friendly extra session of the Illinois legislature went to yesterday when the act of Gov. Dunn's proclamation summoning the legislators to Springfield Monday became known.

It looks like an all winter affair involving nearly everything from the pay of state house watchmen to a constitutional amendment. Because Gov. Dunn moved in the call provision for a new revision of the direct primary act or for the submission of a constitutional amendment to permit the governor to have the last word on legislative appropriations senators and representatives agreed last night that the prospects are for a fight from the first whack of the gavel.

The legislative program will be mapped out this morning at a conference to be held in the office of Attorney General Lucey. It is known that all kinds of a "gentlemen's agreement," which would have permitted quick and unquestioned advancement of any necessary appropriation bills, has been signed sky high.

Suffrage Is Important.

That the woman suffrage act and its allies will play a great part in the extra session is admitted on all hands. County Judge Scully and Dennis J. Tegge, chief clerk of the board of election commissioners; announced that they propose to make a fight for a general revision of the primary law.

More than 125 bills already are drawn and ready to be shot into the hopper when the legislature convenes.

Local authorities will have a good bill of bills, one of which will seek to double the \$2,000,000 good roads bond issue.

Three Sections in Call.

These separate sections are embodied in Gov. Dunn's proclamation, summing up the state of affairs.

Section I of the state officers' or the "omnibus" appropriation act to comply with the Supreme court decision in the Ferguson suit.

Supplementation to the Illinois Sanitation commission; to the Chicago and Ottawa appellate courts and the attorney general's office, of sums left by the Supreme court.

Legislation for Cook county to validate its \$2,000,000 good roads bond issue and to increase its taxing powers to answer the extraordinary requirements necessitated by legislation of the last regular session.

Legislation to authorize activities of the Illinois centennial celebration committee on the public employees pension fund investigation commission, and appropriate money therefor.

Legislation to designate specifically as state officers state enumerators in the census section, as such; to provide for an auditor, and to adjust the state revenue to conform to all new legislation which may be enacted.

Passage of a joint resolution, submitting a constitutional amendment which will submit to the voters of the state in November the proposal of authorizing the governor to scale legislative appropriations.

Would Amend Primary Act.

Legislation amending nineteen sections of the direct primary act, concerning the election of ward and state commissioners; method of filing primary petitions; the right of women to vote for delegates to national conventions; the method of arranging the names of candidates on the official ballot; the date of electing ward commissioners; the right of women to be registered as voters; and the right of women to be judges and clerks of election.

Legislation to force the "Ferguson" case to the Supreme court to initiate a proceeding, before another "Ferguson" could be started, involving the legislature's appropriations.

"He is simply an artist to me—nothing more," was Mme. Beriza's only comment.

HIGH SCHOOL PRINCIPALS DENY VICE CHARGES INVOLVING GIRLS.

In reporting on the charges of immorality in the high schools most of the principals emphasized the fact that the "350 fallen girls a year" statement did not originate in the schools. A few of them go into the question of alleged immorality among students. Here are their reports to Mrs. Young:

AUSTIN HIGH SCHOOL, GEORGE H. ROCKWOOD, PRINCIPAL.—In reply to your circular regarding a quotation in The Light, I wish to say in this place, that no statement from myself or any teacher in this school of this character has ever been made. Further, permit me to express my indignation over such a statement.

BOWEN HIGH SCHOOL, CHARLES I. PARKER, PRINCIPAL.—The statements quoted did not originate with me. I inclose a paper signed by each and every teacher of the Bowen High school showing the statements did not originate with them.

CALUMET HIGH SCHOOL, GRANT BEEBE, PRINCIPAL.—In regard to the statements made by Miss Sherzer, we would say that no statements of this character have been made by the teachers in Calumet High school or myself. The teachers assure me nothing of this kind has ever occurred in the school as far as they know. In my fifteen or sixteen years in the Chicago high schools I have never known a case of this kind.

CRANE TECHNICAL, WILLIAM J. BARTHOLF, PRINCIPAL.—All boys. No such statement ever emanated from any one connected with our school. Suppose the statement you refer to in The Light to be true. How much larger the number would have been were it not for the good influence of the high school.

ENGLEWOOD, J. E. ARMSTRONG, PRINCIPAL.—In regard to your letter of inquiry in regard to immoral actions of girls in some Chicago school, I wish to state positively that no such thing happened in the Englewood High school. I have never known of a case of that kind in my connection with this school.

MARSHALL HIGH, L. J. BLOCK, PRINCIPAL.—Neither the principal nor any teacher in the building has given out any information concerning the statement made by Miss Sherzer.

LANE TECHNICAL, W. J. BOGAN, PRINCIPAL.—I never heard the statement. I do not believe it is true.

MARSHALL HIGH, R. E. WYNKOOP, 3406 West Monroe street.

Dr. Caroline Hedger, 29 East Madison street.

Here's Hercombe's Statement.

The statement made by Mr. Sercombe was addressed to Ralph C. Oils, chairman of the committee on buildings and grounds, and read:

"I want a companion and a big sister to Howard," said Mrs. Taggart. "She may marry if she chooses later and be one of us in the family until she does. We want a plain, home girl, not one seeking social, educational, and artistic advantages. I should like to have her go '50-50' so Mr. Taggart says, with the housework and the care of the pleasure. As we are Americans, we prefer an American girl who speaks the English language and has our religion, in short, one who is companionable and about 17. This is the sort of ideal I have of my 'grownup' daughter to be."

Plenty of Pretty Dresses.

Mr. Taggart said he would provide pretty dresses a-plenty for the right girl who would become his daughter to take the place of his 18 year old daughter who is dead. His second marriage to the dark-eyed southern girl of 24 occurred two years ago.

Among the applicants' letters both Mr. and Mrs. Taggart were pleased with a lengthy one of four pages. This was from Lorraine Blair, a 17 year old telephone operator for the Elgin Courier. The station telephone made her wish to become an adopted daughter, according to her letter.

Mrs. Blair and her daughter, Loraine, have a meeting arranged with the Taggarts at 2:30 o'clock today. Mrs. Blair will consider Lorraine's adoption after she has had an interview, although she does not understand what it is all about now, she said.

Two Will Be Interviewed.

Two other applicants received replies from Mrs. Taggart, requesting an interview today. One letter, addressed E. 290, Kinzie street follows:

"I am the widow of a prominent Mason. I have one of the most beautiful young daughters, in her sixteenth year. She is very refined, cultured, artistic, musical. But—well I have met reverses and cannot give her the educational, social, and musical advantages she so longs for. Highest references in Melrose Park."

A 19 year old girl from New York, one of seven children, said she was to be adopted because her mother is dead and as her mother is in poor health she wished to relieve her of support.

Mr. Taggart himself cooks all the Sunday dinners and the new daughter will not have this task.

Song in Wilson's Honor Gets the Cold Shoulder.

New York Writers Dash Off Supposed Compliment, But It Is Not a Hit at White House.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Billy and Mike Flanagan, song writers, read in the papers weeks ago that the president was going to marry Mrs. Galt, whose family, the Hollings, was directly descended from Pocahontas, the Indian princess. So they thought it would be a compliment to the president and his fiancee if they dashed off a song about the love of the white chief and Indian princess, and so wrote the song and sent a copy of it to the White House.

Here is the letter they say they received in reply:

"The White House, Washington, Oct. 20, 1915—My Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of Oct. 19, the president asks me to say to you that he would be very much obliged if the song to which you refer were not published. He would be very much distressed if it were. I assure you will fully understand and appreciate his position. Sincerely yours,

J. P. TUMULTY.

Secretary to the President.

The authors say they are sorry, but they cannot withdraw the song from circulation now.

GO AFTER "SPLIT INTEREST"

Council Finances Committee Seeks to Recover Money Paid City Officials by Banks Holding Funds.

An effort to recover some of the money said to have been paid city officials as "split interest" in return for placing city funds with certain banks, is to be made by the council committee on finance. Ald. C. E. Merriam's order that such a program be attempted was considered yesterday by the committee, and Ald. Kildare, Otto Kerner, and James A. Kearns were appointed a subcommittee to recommend a plan of procedure.

SCHOOL ENGINEER ACCUSED

Peter B. Cook of 626 Langley avenue, engineer at the Scott public school, Blackstone avenue, and East Sixty-second street, was arrested Sunday on the complaint of H. Tandy of 1441 East Sixty-second place, who charged the engineer with taking liberties with children.

Miss Kenealy's suit was a claim for damages against a wholesale book distributing firm for alleged false and malicious statements defamatory of her book.

Miss Kenealy averred that the action of the defendants deprived her of a livelihood, as publishers now refuse to accept her book.

SUIT GOES AGAINST HER; NOVELIST TAKES POISON.

Annesley Kenealy Swallows Drug in London Court When She Is Denied Damages for Libel.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—My Lord, I told you I was trying to win a woman for her life. I have taken enough poisons to kill five people," was the dramatic declamation made by Miss Annesley Kenealy, novelist, as she threw upon the floor a bottle the contents of which she had just swallowed on hearing the court pronounced judgment against her.

Miss Kenealy collapsed and was carried unconscious to the emergency ward of the courthouse. Later she recovered and is said to be out of danger.

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The Tribune is bought solely to read.

It has no coupon or premium circulation.

The Chicago Tribune

The World's Greatest Newspaper

(Trade Mark Registered)

Member Audit Bureau of Circulations

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1915.

ADmits SCHOOL VICE FIGURES NOT BASED ON FACTS

Sercombe Repudiates Statement That 350 Girls Fall Yearly.

"MYTH," MRS. YOUNG SAYS.

Parker H. Sercombe, once an expert on ideals, love, and morals, and now statistician for the board of education, was asked to do some more explaining yesterday regarding his high school "immorality" statistics handed to Mrs. Leonora Z. Meder. The buildings and grounds committee of the board put him on the stand.

Mr. Sercombe appeared to be in no difficulty in answering his questions as statistician for the comity's office. He issued the statement asked of him on Thursday in explanation of the statement he had made to Mrs. Meder that last year there were 350 cases of ruined girls in the high schools of Chicago.

He traced the origin of the figures to women doctors. Mr. Sercombe mentioned:

Dr. Anna E. Blouet of Oak Park.

Dr. F. E. Wynkoop, 3406 West

Monroe street.

Dr. Caroline Hedger, 29 East Madison street.

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"I am the widow of a prominent Mason. I have one of the most beautiful young daughters, in her sixteenth year. She is very refined, cultured, artistic, musical. But—well I have met reverses and cannot give her the educational, social, and musical advantages she so longs for. Highest references in Melrose Park."

A 19 year old girl from New York, one of seven children, said she was to be adopted because her mother is dead and as her mother is in poor health she wished to relieve her of support.

Mr. Taggart himself cooks all the Sunday dinners and the new daughter will not have this task.

SONG IN WILSON'S HONOR GETS THE COLD SHOULDER.

New York, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Billy and Mike Flanagan, song writers, read in the papers weeks ago that the president was going to marry Mrs. Galt, whose family, the Hollings, was directly descended from Pocahontas, the Indian princess. So they thought it would be a compliment to the president and his fiancee if they dashed off a song about the love of the white chief and Indian princess, and so wrote the song and sent a copy of it to the White House.

Here is the letter they say they received in reply:

"The White House, Washington, Oct. 20, 1915—My Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of Oct. 19, the president asks me to say to you that he would be very much obliged if the song to which you refer were not published. He would be very much distressed if it were. I assure you will fully understand and appreciate his position. Sincerely yours,

J. P. TUMULTY.

Secretary to the President.

The authors say they are sorry, but they cannot withdraw the song from circulation now.

GO AFTER "SPLIT INTEREST"

Council Finances Committee Seeks to Recover Money Paid City Officials by Banks Holding Funds.

An effort to recover some of the money said to have been paid city officials as "split interest" in return for placing city funds with certain banks, is to be made by the council committee on finance. Ald. C. E. Merriam's order that such a program be attempted was considered yesterday by the committee, and Ald. Kildare, Otto Kerner, and James A. Kearns were appointed a subcommittee to recommend a plan of procedure.

Miss Kenealy's suit was a claim for damages against a wholesale book distributing firm for alleged false and malicious statements defamatory of her book.

Miss Kenealy averred that the action of the defendants deprived her of a livelihood, as publishers now refuse to accept her book.

The Tribune is bought solely to read.

It has no coupon or premium circulation.

SCHOOL ENGINEER ACCUSED

Peter B. Cook of 626 Langley avenue, engineer at the Scott public school

PERFECTLY SIMPLE.

FLICKERINGS from FILM LAND

The Gentle Art of Muzzling Critics.

BY KITTY KELLY.

THIS motion picture is a new art. It is, however, like all others, compounded of much that is art and much that is only near art. That situation marks the advent of the critic, a person who makes a business of seeing many pictures, comparing them on their various points and sift them for the sake of the vast audience of users whose time and money are to be wasted on the critics' disappointments.

Now, into this situation comes a new element. It is the spirit of advertising. Sometimes advertisers are affronted by seeing unfavorable criticism of their wares in the newspaper which carries their advertising.

The particular instance at hand is that of the Mutual corporation, which is grieved, among other things, over this writer's comment yesterday morning on "Damaged Goods."

In a letter sent to THE TRIBUNE there is a frank realization that "the two ends of a great newspaper like THE TRIBUNE operate entirely independent." Nevertheless, "We are, as you know, conducting a general publicity campaign on the Mutual program, using THE TRIBUNE and one other newspaper. My contention is that the editorial matter not only completely nullifies the advertising but that the advertising has no force or effect." This, of course, shows the power of THE TRIBUNE, but it also involves the question of justice and the responsibilities of one who assumes such an undertaking.

Which gets us back again to criticism, theoretically and applied.

THE TRIBUNE, in Chicago, instituted the motion picture critic. There being no samples to follow, its critic had to evolve from the needs and the points at issue a system of criticism.

On the authority of Noah Webster, a critic is:

One who expresses a reasoned opinion on any matter as a work of art, involving a judgment of its value, truth, or righteousness, an appreciation of its beauty or technique, or an interpretation of its meaning.

Also says Mr. Webster:

Criticism—the rules and principles which regulate the practice of the critic, the art of judging with knowledge and propriety of the beauties and faults of works of art, or literature.

To which modern experience adds the other item, motion picture.

On that Websterian fundamental as a basis, the present critic has tried to build a system of applied criticism, fitting the present conditions, which is the theory of all her comments, though sometimes it may slink through only darkly.

First of all, the critic realizes that she is only one person. Her judgment is not omnipotent. It is frankly her personal opinion. But her readers know what her ideals for pictures are, they know the type of thing she likes and the type of thing she doesn't like. Those who are like minded with her, therefore, find in her expressed opinion in regard to something they have not seen a judgment in which they feel confidence, for from past experience they know the sort of judgment she casts.

This is a day of good pictures and of better ones. A poor picture cannot escape comparison, for there is bound to be a good one right around the corner. The critic may have no better judgment than the hundred who read her, but she has the wider experience, for she sees not only the poor picture, but the good one around the corner, and many more of them, and so she sifts them out for the sake of those who see.

This department is intended for the patrons of the picture theaters.

Her honest opinion, without prejudice or animus, is guide of her comment. There is much mention of the good in pictures. There is also much mention of the bad. The motion picture as a new art is far from perfect, consequently it must have flaws. Everybody is aware of them, so why not mention them?

Surely from the producers' or marketers' point of view—which is not this column's point of view—which would be no real harm if that all plays were panned. We're so there would be no value in the critic's work.

A same observer knows that where words of praise and of blame fall equally the words of praise measure much more than where they have a monopoly of the falling.

THE TRIBUNE'S motion picture critic's

comment is dictated, not by what is happening up in the advertising department, nor by what is occurring in the producing plants, but by what judgment and experience have shown the picture going public wants to know about the last release.



MISS BILLIE RHODES

MISS BILLIE RHODES is the curly haired comedienne who flashes through the Nestor-Universal comedies nowadays, since Vicki Fox went to the Selig jungle too. Miss Rhodes is a native Californian, who had her first picture experience with the Kalem company, following a short session with a stage stock company. From her first company she went to her second, which is so far the extent of her picture experience. She can handle a horse and handle a rife, and she is not afraid of anything, which is proper kind of equipment for Nestoring. The years she measures are along about 19.

ROUND THE LOOP.

BEST-SELLING TODAY: "Climbing Fadden Out West" [Leaky] with Victor Moore; "Tomorrow" [Leaky]; "Climbing Fadden Out West" [Leaky] with Eddie Goodrich and "Not Guilty" [Equitable], with Cyril Scott, [Kalem]; "The Devil's Trap" [Kalem]; "Keystones" [With Syd Chaplin, "The Devil Is a Hard Road"] [Fine Arts]; and "The White Rose" [Kalem].

LA SALLE—"Damaged Goods" [Ames]

"CLOWN" [Birth of a Nation]

"OLYMPIC"—"Battle City of Peace."

Comments are dictated, not by what is happening up in the advertising department, nor by what is occurring in the producing plants, but by what judgment and experience have shown the picture going public wants to know about the last release.

Voice of the Movies.

Miss Kitty Kelly: We are so much pleased with your story of the two Carmen we that are sending out 5,000 copies like the one enclosed herewith (the enclosure being a reprint of the review of the Theta-Bara Fox "Carmen" in comparison with the Geraldine Farrar-Leaky "Carmen.")

THE PLAZA THEATER COMPANY.

"Waterloo, Ia."—Dear Miss Kelly: I am going to be with you. Your criticism of Bella Donna is poor.

You might have at least given the film credit for being a veritable fashion show. Pauline knows how to wear clothes and dresses well. Another thing: Why do you believe the achievements of the uncle? Twins, it was my dear, not an heir but heirs. It makes a difference with some folks, y'know.

"Then, again, the scene is situated in interior Egypt, not Chicago. The white lights were scarcely within walking distance, and the lady's costume, if I remember, was not the usual traveling kind. Miss Frederick makes the rôle as warm and human as it is possible. At least, one is sorry for her tragic end.

"Honorable Kitty, please explain "Pink Slip." Outside of a few minor errors, why, you're all right. Yes you are! One benighted reader,

ANN VERITY.

Where to See 'Em.

Hero on parade is the program for today when Francis X. Bushman, accompanied by Beverly Bayne, arrives at 2 o'clock at the Twelfth street station to lead the grand march at the charity ball for the American Theatrical Hospital association tonight at the First Regiment armory. It being a trifle early for the grand march, Alfred Hauseger, host to the grand march stars, has arranged a parade which will be done Michigan Avenue, from La Salle to Randolph, then to Michigan again up to the Ziegfeld theater. If anybody misses seeing Mr. Bushman and Miss Bayne it is anybody's own fault.

Some observer knows that where words of praise and of blame fall equally the words of praise measure much more than where they have a monopoly of the falling.

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WHEAT MARKET HAS A SETBACK; CORN ADVANCES

Buying of Coarse-Grains by the Public Big Factor; Italian Line Stops Sailings.

BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS.

| RANGE OF ACTIVE FUTURES | | CORN. | SUGAR |
|---------------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| WHEAT | Chicago | 80c | 80c |
| Open: High: Nov. 18-WHEAT | 80c | 80c | 80c |
| Dec. 1-100-5%: 100c | 1.04% | 1.04% | 1.04% |
| May 1.07%-5%: 100c | 1.04% | 1.04% | 1.04% |

CORN

Open: High: Nov. 18-CORN

Dec. 1-100-5%: 100c

May 1.07%-5%: 100c

PRIMARY MOVEMENT

WESTERN

-Received Shipped

Wheat Corn Wheat Corn

Chicago 80c 80c 80c 80c

MIL'KEE 60,000 8,000 21,000 5,000

Duluth 57,000 10,000 10,000 5,000

Toledo 82,000 17,000 20,000 5,000

DETROIT 1,000 000 7,000 000

ANS. C. 100,000 100,000 20,000 5,000

OMAHA 16,000 16,000 30,000 45,000

IND'LA. 8,000 10,000 8,000 10,000

CINC. 14,000 11,000 8,000 10,000

To. but 144,000 100,000 150,000 100,000

Last 1. 9,000 9,000 2,147,000 902,000

PRICES AT OUTSIDE MARKETS

Closes Nov. Nov.

St. Louis: Open: High: Low:

BOSTON 74,000 1,000

PHILA. 104,000 500 300

BAL'TR. 123,000 25,000

GALT'N. 101,000 80,000

KANSAS CITY 89,000 60,000

MINNEAPOLIS 81,000 64,000

ST. LOUIS 100,000 80,000

TOBACCO 120,000 120,000

CHICAGO 120,000 120,000

DETROIT 120,000 120,000

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KANSAS CITY 120,000 120,000

HOGS RECOVER FROM SETBACK

Prices Firm to Higher; Cattle Dull and Weaker; Muttons Active.

LIVE STOCK QUOTATIONS.

HOGS.

Bulk of sales... \$8.15-\$6.70
Common to mixed... \$8.00-\$6.45
Fair to choice medium weight... \$8.00-\$6.70
Lightweights... \$8.00-\$6.70
Fair to selected butchers... \$8.00-\$6.70
Sacks, 400 lb. packing... \$8.00-\$6.70
Boars, according to weight... \$8.00-\$6.70
Pigs... \$7.00-\$6.70

CATTLE.

Beef steers, good to choice... \$8.70-\$12.25
Beef steers, fair to good... \$8.00-\$8.75
Beef cattle, common to fair... \$8.00-\$7.25
Yearlings... \$8.00-\$6.70
Beef cows... \$8.00-\$6.70
Fat heifers, fair to selected... \$8.00-\$7.25
Cannons and cutters... \$8.00-\$6.70
Good to prime vealers... \$8.00-\$6.70
Bulls... \$8.00-\$6.70

SHEEP.

Ram lambs... \$8.00-\$6.70
Yearlings... \$8.00-\$6.70
Western ewes... \$8.00-\$6.70
Bucks... \$8.00-\$6.70
Flock lambs... \$7.00-\$8.00
Flock weaners... \$7.00-\$8.00
Cull lambs... \$6.25-\$7.00

Hogs at Chicago yesterday sold at strong to slightly higher prices, while sheep and lambs made steady values and market. Receipts of hogs were at the lowest prices of the week. Receipts of hogs were posted at \$8.00-\$6.70. They sold at \$8.15-\$6.70 for the bulk, with tops at \$8.00. Shippers took 7,500 head, again leading the buying, while packers took 21,300 head and the state supply was reduced to 2,500 head. Pigs were benefited by the improved shipping demand and sold 100,150 higher for the day.

Sheep and lamb receipts were posted at 9,000 head. They met with a brisk demand and cleared early, with best lambs at \$8.00 and yearlings at \$7.25. Most of the fat ewes sold at \$5.50-\$6.25.

Cattle trade was stagnant. Receipts were posted at 9,000 head, but there was little demand from local packers and outsiders were not interested in the class of stock when offered. Figures for most of the day, while cows and heifers showed a loss of 150-350c. Calves held steady, with prime weilers at \$10.00.

Hog purchases for the day: Armour & Co., 2,000; Swift & Co., 800; Sulzberger & Sons, 2,500; Morris & Co., 1,800; Angier & Son, 1,200; Hammont, 400; Boyd-Lund, 1,200; Roberts & Oake, 700; Western Packing Co., 2,000; Miller & Hart, 900; Independent Packing Co., 1,200; Brennan Packing Co., 1,000; butchers, 2,000; shippers, 7,500; total, 25,300; left over, 2,500.

Movement of Chicago Yards.

Receipts... Cattle, hogs, sheep, Nov. 12, 7,802; Nov. 13, 6,444; Nov. 14, 10, 5,000; Nov. 15, 5,000; Nov. 16, 4,000; Nov. 17, 5,000; Nov. 18, 5,000; Nov. 19, 5,000; Nov. 20, 5,000; Nov. 21, 5,000; Nov. 22, 5,000; Nov. 23, 5,000; Nov. 24, 5,000; Nov. 25, 5,000; Nov. 26, 5,000; Nov. 27, 5,000; Nov. 28, 5,000; Nov. 29, 5,000; Nov. 30, 5,000; Nov. 31, 5,000; Nov. 32, 5,000; Nov. 33, 5,000; Nov. 34, 5,000; Nov. 35, 5,000; Nov. 36, 5,000; Nov. 37, 5,000; Nov. 38, 5,000; Nov. 39, 5,000; Nov. 40, 5,000; Nov. 41, 5,000; Nov. 42, 5,000; Nov. 43, 5,000; Nov. 44, 5,000; Nov. 45, 5,000; Nov. 46, 5,000; Nov. 47, 5,000; Nov. 48, 5,000; Nov. 49, 5,000; Nov. 50, 5,000; Nov. 51, 5,000; Nov. 52, 5,000; Nov. 53, 5,000; Nov. 54, 5,000; Nov. 55, 5,000; Nov. 56, 5,000; Nov. 57, 5,000; Nov. 58, 5,000; Nov. 59, 5,000; Nov. 60, 5,000; Nov. 61, 5,000; Nov. 62, 5,000; Nov. 63, 5,000; Nov. 64, 5,000; Nov. 65, 5,000; Nov. 66, 5,000; Nov. 67, 5,000; Nov. 68, 5,000; Nov. 69, 5,000; Nov. 70, 5,000; Nov. 71, 5,000; Nov. 72, 5,000; 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